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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/606,466	06/26/2003	Sumedh N. Barde	MS1-1543US	3501
22801 7590 08/03/2007 LEE & HAYES PLLC 421 W RIVERSIDE AVENUE SUITE 500			EXAMINER	
			FRINK, JOHN MOORE	
SPOKANE, WA 99201			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		•	2142·	" ''
	•		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/03/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	1					
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/606,466	BARDE ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	John M. Frink	2142				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION (136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 7/03	<u>/2007</u> .					
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ This	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under b	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,5-9,11,12,27,28 and 31-33</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,5-9,11,12,27,28 and 31-33</u> is/are re	ejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	xaminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P	(PTO-413) ate				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 4/05/2007, 7/03/2007.	6)					

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1, 5, 6, 12, 27, 28, 31 and 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Servan-Schreiber et al. (US 6,892,354 B1), hereafter Servan, in view of Armstrong et al. (US 2005/0256941 A1), hereafter Armstrong.
- 3. Regarding claim 1, Servan shows receiving an advertisement from a content provided (Fig. 1), displaying said advertisement for at least a fixed duration (Fig.1, col. 3 lines 26 30), transmitting and loading (comprising buffering) new content (Abstract) and wherein the advertisement is displayed beyond the fixed duration if the buffering is not complete when the fixed duration expires (Abstract, col. 3 lines 26 30).

Servan does not show where said advertisement is a static image, or where said buffered new content is video content.

Armstong shows where said advertisement is a static image, or where said buffered new content is video content ([0020, 0024]).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the disclosure of Servan with that of Armstrong in order to provide explicit support for specific advertisement types, such as static images or video files (Armstrong, Abstract, [0020, 0024]).

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4. Regarding claim 5, Servan in view of Armstrong further show if the buffering is not complete when the fixed duration expires, ceasing display of the static image and playing the video content (Servan, Abstract and col. 3 lines 26 – 30, Armstrong [0020, 0024]).

- 5. Regarding claim 6, Servan in view of Armstrong further show where the static image is a plurality of static images comprising an animated image and the displaying comprises displaying the animated image (Armstrong, [0020, 0032]).
- 6. Regarding claim 12, Servan in view of Armstrong further show a media playing device comprising the processor-readable medium as recited in claim 1 (Armstrong, Fig. 4, [0025, 0044-0046]).
- 7. Regarding claim 27, Servan in view of Armstrong further show receiving a static image from a content provider, buffering video content from the content provider, and displaying the static image for, at least, a fixed duration, wherein, if the video content is not yet fully buffered at the expiration of the fixed duration, then the displaying of the static image continues until the video content is fully buffered (Armstrong, [0020, 0024], Servan col. 3 lines 26 30).
- 8. Regarding claim 28, Servan in view of Armstrong further show when the buffering of the video content is complete, ceasing the displaying of the static image; and playing the video content (Armstrong [0020, 0024, 0041, 0042], Fig. 2A 2C, Fig. 3).
- 9. Regarding claim 31, Servan in view of Armstrong further show if the video content is fully buffered when the fixed duration expires, ceasing the displaying of the

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static image and playing the video content (Servan, Abstract and col. 3 lines 26 – 30, Armstrong [0020, 0024]).

- 10. Regarding claim 32, Servan in view of Armstrong further show where the static image is a plurality of static images comprising an animated image and the displaying comprises displaying the animated image (Armstrong, [0020, 0032]).
- 11. Claims 7 and 33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Servan in view of Armstrong as applied to claims 1 and 27 above, and further in view of Dunlap et al. (US 6,760,749 B1).

Servan in view of Armstrong show the method of claims 1 and 27.

Servan in view of Armstrong do not show where the static image is one of either a JPEG, GIF or PNG.

Dunlap et al. show where the static image is one of either a JPEG, GIF or PNG (col. 7 lines 1 - 35).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the disclosure of Servan in view of Armstrong with that of Dunlap et al. in order to enable utilizing common industry standard graphic file formats.

12. Claims 8 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Servan in view of Armstrong as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Katseff et al. (5,822,537).

Servan in view of Armstrong show claim 1, along with requesting static images from a content provider (Armstrong [0020, 0024]).

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Servan in view of Armstrong do not show implementing a play-list that includes a reference to a static image stored on the content provider and requesting the static images based on the reference.

Katseff et al. show implementing a play-list that includes a reference to a static image stored on the content provider and requesting the static images based on the reference (Figs. 6, 7, 8 and 9, col. 10 line 27 – col. 11 line 44).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the disclosure of Armstrong et al. with that of Katseff et al. in order to facilitate showing the multiple static images referenced in the play list instead of just one static image, enabling displaying more information to the viewer.

- 13. Claims 8 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Servan in view of Armstrong as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Nakayama.
- 14. Regarding claim 8, Servan in view of Armstrong claim 1, along with requesting static images from a content provider (Armstrong [0020, 0024]).

Servan in view of Armstrong. do not show implementing a play-list that includes a reference to a static image stored on the content provider and requesting the static images based on the reference.

Nakayama et al. show implementing a play-list that includes a reference to a static image stored on the content provider and requesting the static images based on the reference (Figs. 7, 11, 12,13, col. 6 line 53 – col. 7 line 13).

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the disclosure of Servan in view of Armstrong with that of Nakayama et al. in order to facilitate showing the multiple static images referenced in the play list instead of just one static image, enabling displaying more information to the viewer.

15. Regarding claim 9, Servan in view of Armstrong show claim 1, along with displaying a static image while a video buffers (Armstrong [0020, 0024, 0041-0042]) and further including where there is a minimum display time for said static image, representing said duration command (Armstrong, [0020, 0024], Servan col. 3 lines 26 – 30).

Servan in view of Armstrong do not show implementing a play-list that includes a duration command and defining the fixed duration by the duration command.

Nakayama et al. show implementing a play-list that includes a duration command and displaying the static image for a specified duration defined by the duration command (Figs. 7, 11, 12 and 13, col. 11 line 55 – col. 12 line 18).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the disclosure of Servan in view of Armstrong with that of Nakayama et al. in order to facilitate showing the multiple static images referenced in the play list instead of just one static image, enabling displaying more information to the viewer and enabling specifying exactly how long each image is displayed and thus emphasized.

Servan in view of Armstrong and Nakayama thus show defining the fixed duration command by the duration command, as Servan in view of Armstrong and

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Nakayama show said duration command resulting in the same behavior that would be caused by said fixed duration command.

16. Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Servan in view of Armstrong as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Lin (US 6,369,835 B1).

Servan in view of Armstrong show claim 1, including where there is a minimum display time for said static image, representing said duration command (Armstrong, [0020, 0024], Servan col. 3 lines 26 – 30).

Servan in view of Armstrong do not show implementing a play-list that includes a duration command and defining the fixed duration by the duration command.

Lin shows implementing a play-list that includes a duration command, where said duration command specifies the fixed duration of time an image will be shown (Abstract, Fig. 2, col. 1 lines 25 - 56).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the disclosure of Servan in view of Armstrong with that of Lin in order to facilitate showing the multiple static images referenced in the play list instead of just one static image, enabling displaying more information to the viewer and enabling specifying exactly how long each image is displayed and thus emphasized.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP

§ 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John M. Frink whose telephone number is (571) 272-9686. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 7:30AM - 5:00PM EST; off alternate Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Andrew Caldwell can be reached on (571)272-3868. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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